Figure S1. Morphology of Hep-2 cells cultured in normal growth medium for 72 hours following staining with 0 (A), 1.25 (B), 2.5 (C), 3.75 (D) and 5 (E) μ g/ml H342. The cell morphologies shown were representative of three independent experiments with similar findings (original magnification ×200).



Figure S2. Morphology of HCCLM3 cells cultured in normal growth medium for 72 hours following staining with 0 (A), 5 (B), 10 (C), 15 (D) and 20 (E) μ g/ml H342. The cell morphologies shown were representative of three independent experiments with similar findings (original magnification ×200).



Figure S3. CCK-8 assay for Hep-2 cells cultured in normal growth medium for 24, 48 and 72 hours following staining with indicated concentrations of H342. Data were expressed as mean \pm SEM and representative of an average of three independent experiments.



Figure S4. CCK-8 assay for HCCLM3 cells cultured in normal growth medium for 24, 48 and 72 hours following staining with indicated concentrations of H342. Data were expressed as mean \pm SEM and representative of an average of three independent experiments.



Figure S5. Annexin V-FITC/PI staining FCM analysis of cell death and apoptosis. SK-N-SH cells were treated with 0, 1.25, 2.5, 3.75 and 5 μ g/ml H342 for 60 minutes and then stained with Annexin V-FITC/PI to analyze dead and apoptotic cell populations. Cells in the upper right quadrant represented death and in the lower right quadrant represented apoptosis. The dose-dependent death and apoptosis induced by H342 were observed. Data were representative of one of three similar experiments.



Figure S6. DNA FCM analysis on cell cycle distribution. SK-N-SH cells were analyzed by DNA FCM after culturing in normal growth medium for 72 hours following staining with indicated concentrations of H342. H342 concentration-dependent cell population increase in S-phase was observed. The values indicate the percentage of cells in the indicated phases of the cell cycle. The data shown were representative of three independent experiments with similar findings.